

## Safety Data Sheet

### PLANISEAL MR\_B

Safety Data Sheet dated: 15/10/2020 - version 2

Date of first edition: 29/05/2018



## 1. Identification

### GHS Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: PLANISEAL MR\_B

Trade code: 9016663

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: no data available

Uses advised against: no data available

### Supplier's details

Company: MAPEI AUSTRALIA Pty Ltd

180 Viking Drive Wacol QLD 4076 Australia

Responsible: sales@mapei.com.au

### Emergency phone number

Australian Poisons Information Centre 24 Hour Service 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade 000

## 2. Hazard identification



### Classification of the Hazardous chemical

Skin Irrit. 2 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Dam. 1 Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Sens. 1 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

#### Pictograms and Signal Words



Danger

#### Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

#### Precautionary statements:

P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P321 Specific treatment (see supplementary instructions on this label)

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

#### Other hazards which do not result in a classification

Other Hazards: No other hazards

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substances

no data available

#### Mixtures

Mixture identification: PLANISEAL MR\_B

#### Hazardous components within the meaning of the "Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS)" regulation and related classification:

Concentration (% w/w)	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥10 - <20 %		CAS:68410-23-1	Acute Tox. 4, H312; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
≥0.49 - <1 %	3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenediamine; tetraethylenepentamine	CAS:112-57-2 EC:203-986-2 Index:612-060-00-0	Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H312	01-2119487290-37-xxxx
≥0.49 - <1 %	Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction (TETA)	CAS:112-24-3	Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	01-2119487919-13-XXXX

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### 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of necessary first-aid measures

In case of skin contact:

- Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.
- OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.
- Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.
- After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

- After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.
- Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

- Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

- Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

#### Symptoms caused by exposure

Eye irritation  
Eye damages  
Skin Irritation  
Erythema

#### Medical attention and special treatment

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

- (see paragraph 4.1)

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### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

- None in particular.
- Water.
- Carbon dioxide (CO2).

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

- Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.
- Burning produces heavy smoke.
- Hazardous combustion products: no data available
- Explosive properties: no data available
- Oxidizing properties: no data available

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- Use suitable breathing apparatus.
- Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
- Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Wear personal protection equipment.
- Remove persons to safety.
- See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

### Environmental precautions

- Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.
- Limit leakages with earth or sand.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand
- Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.
- Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.
- Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.
- Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.
- Do not eat or drink while working.
- See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible materials:

- None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

- Adequately ventilated premises.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters – exposure standards, biological monitoring

#### List of components with OEL value

Component	OEL Type	Country	Ceiling	Long Term mg/m3	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m3	Short Term ppm	Behaviour	Note
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction (TETA)	National	SWEDEN		6	1				
	National	NORWAY		6	1	12	3		
	National	ESTONIA		6	1	12			
	National	ROMANIA		10	1.7	20	3.3		
	National	LITHUANIA		6	1	12	2		

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Component	CAS-No.	PNEC Limit	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction (TETA)	112-24-3	0.19 mg/l	Fresh Water		
		0.038 mg/l	Marine water		
		95.5 mg/kg	Freshwater sediments		
		19.2 mg/kg	Marine water sediments		
		19.1 mg/kg	Soil		

#### Derived No Effect Level. (DNEL)

Component	CAS-No.	Worker Industrial	Worker Professional	Consumer	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
Amines, polyethylenepoly-,	112-24-3		0.57 mg/kg	0.25 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Long Term, systemic effects	

triethylenetetramine  
fraction (TETA)

0.001 mg/l	0.00029 mg/l	Human Inhalation	Long Term, systemic effects
	8 mg/kg	Human Dermal	Short Term, systemic effects
	0.41 mg/kg	Human Oral	Long Term, systemic effects
0. 028000	0. 430000	Human Dermal	Short Term, local effects
	mg/cm2		

#### Appropriate engineering controls

no data available

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

no data available

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to AS/NZS 1715-1716 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment.

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## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Color light grey

Appearance: viscous liquid

Odour: Like: Amines

Odour threshold: no data available

pH: 10.00

Melting point / freezing point: no data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: no data available

Flash point: no data available

Evaporation rate: no data available

Flammability (Solid, Gas): no data available

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: no data available

Vapour pressure: no data available

Vapour density: no data available

Relative density: 1.20 g/cm3

Solubility in water: Miscible

Solubility in oil: no data available

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): no data available

Auto-ignition temperature: no data available

Decomposition temperature: no data available

Viscosity: no data available

Specific heat value: no data available

Saturated vapour concentration: no data available

Release of invisible flammable vapours and gases: no data available

Particle size: no data available

Particle size distribution: no data available

Shape and aspect ratio: no data available

Crystallinity: no data available

Dustiness: no data available

Specific surface area: no data available

Degree of aggregation or agglomeration, and dispersibility: no data available

Biodurability or biopersistence: no data available

Surface coating or chemistry: no data available

VOC % (Volatile Organic Compound) : 0 (A+B) (Rule 1168) g/l

## 10. Stability and reactivity

### Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

### Chemical stability

no data available

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

### Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

### Incompatible materials

None in particular.

### Hazardous decomposition products

None.

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Toxicological information of the mixture:

There is no toxicological data available on the mixture. Consider the individual concentration of each component to assess toxicological effects resulting from exposure to the mixture.

#### Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

3,6,9-triazaundecamethylenedia mine; tetraethylenepentamine a) acute toxicity LD50 Oral Rat = 3990 mg/kg

LD50 Skin Rabbit = 660 µL/kg

Amines, polyethylenepoly-, triethylenetetramine fraction (TETA) a) acute toxicity LD50 Oral Rat = 1760 mg/kg

LD50 Skin Rabbit = 1465 mg/kg

LD50 Skin Rabbit = 550 mg/kg

LD50 Oral Rat = 2500 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation Skin Irritant Positive

**If not differently specified, the information required in the regulation and listed below must be considered as N.A.**

- a) acute toxicity
- b) skin corrosion/irritation
- c) serious eye damage/irritation
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation
- e) germ cell mutagenicity
- f) carcinogenicity
- g) reproductive toxicity
- h) STOT-single exposure
- Toxicological kinetics, metabolism and distribution information
- i) STOT-repeated exposure
- j) aspiration hazard

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## 12. Ecological information

### Ecotoxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

#### List of components with eco-toxicological properties

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Infos
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3,6,9-  
trizaundecamethylenediamine;  
tetraethylenepentamine

CAS: 112-57-2 -  
EINECS: 612-060-  
00-0 - INDEX: 203-  
986-2

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 1.21 mg/L 48

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Poecilia reticulata = 420 mg/L 96h  
IUCLID

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 24.1 mg/L 48h  
IUCLID

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata = 2.1  
mg/L 72h IUCLID

Amines, polyethylenepoly-,  
triethylenetetramine fraction  
(TETA)

CAS: 112-24-3

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish = 330 mg/L 96

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 31.1 mg/L 48

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 20 mg/L 72

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Poecilia reticulata = 570 mg/L 96h  
IUCLID

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas = 495 mg/L 96h  
IUCLID

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 31.1 mg/L 48h  
IUCLID

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus = 2.5 mg/L  
72h IUCLID

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata = 20  
mg/L 72h IUCLID

a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata = 3.7  
mg/L 96h EPA

#### Persistence and degradability

no data available

#### Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

#### Mobility in soil

no data available

#### Other adverse effects

no data available

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### 13. Disposal considerations

#### Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

Methods of disposal:

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

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### 14. Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

**UN number**

no data available

**UN proper shipping name**

no data available

**Transport hazard class(es)**

no data available

**Packing group, if applicable**

no data available

**Environmental hazards**

no data available

**Special precautions for user**

no data available

**Additional Information**

no data available

**HazChem Code/Emergency Action code**

no data available

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**15. Regulatory information**

**Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question**

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared according to the Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS) act and the Code of Practice on preparation of safety data sheets for Hazardous Chemicals.

AICS: all components are listed

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**16. Other information**

**Code Description**

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment  
 CSR: Chemical Safety Report  
 DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level  
 DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.  
 DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive  
 DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive  
 EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration  
 ECHA: European Chemicals Agency  
 EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.  
 ES: Exposure Scenario  
 GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.  
 GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.  
 IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer  
 IATA: International Air Transport Association.  
 IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).  
 IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration  
 ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.  
 ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).  
 IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.  
 INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.  
 IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care  
 KSt: Explosion coefficient.  
 LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.  
 LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.  
 LDLo: Leathal Dose Low  
 N.A.: Not Applicable  
 N/A: Not Applicable  
 N/D: Not defined/ Not available  
 NA: Not available  
 NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health  
 NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level  
 OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.  
 PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
 PGK: Packaging Instruction  
 PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.  
 PSG: Passengers  
 RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.  
 STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.  
 STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.  
 TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.  
 TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).  
 vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.  
 WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

**Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:**

- Safety Data Sheet
- 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING
- 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION
- 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
- 4. FIRST AID MEASURES
- 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES
- 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
- 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
- 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
- 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
- 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
- 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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11 Belmont Avenue, Belmont WA 6104  
 P: 08 9277 7177  
 E: sales@kevmor.com.au  
 W: kevmor.com.au