Safety Data Sheet NOVOPLAN 21

Safety Data Sheet dated: 31/05/2023 - version 6

Date of first edition: 03/05/2017



Section 1: Identification

GHS Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: NOVOPLAN 21 Trade code: 902731

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use: Cement based levelling mortar

Uses advised against: no data available

Supplier's details

Company: MAPEI AUSTRALIA Pty Ltd

180 Viking Drive Wacol QLD 4076 Australia

T. +61 7 32765000 (Mon-Fri 8am to 4.30pm)

F. +61 7 32765076

Responsable: sales@mapei.com.au **Emergency phone number**

Australian Poisons Information Centre 24 Hour Service 13 11 26

Police or Fire Brigade 000

Section 2: Hazard(s) identification





Classification of the Hazardous chemical

Serious eye damage, Category 1 Causes serious eye damage.

Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictograms and Signal Words



Hazard statements

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements

P261 Avoid breathing dust.

P280 Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see supplementary instructions on this label)
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in a classification

Other Hazards: No other hazards

Prolonged exposition and/or intensive inhalation of respirable free crystalline silica (average diameter less than 10 micron in accordance with ACGIH) can cause pulmonary fibrosis commonly referred to as silicosis.

This preparation contains cement. Contact between cement and body fluids (e.g. sweat and eye fluids) may cause irritation or burns.

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Working with materials that contain crystalline silica can make (or generate) a dangerous dust called respirable crystalline silica (RCS). Prolonged exposition and/or intensive inhalation of RCS (average diameter less than 10 micron in accordance with ACGIH) can cause pulmonary fibrosis commonly referred to as silicosis.

Care must be exercised during the opening of products containing crystalline silica and mixing of these products during preparation for usage; reduce the formation of airborne dust as much as possible, and avoid spills of product outside the mixing vessel and on working clothes.

Using tools to process materials (such as cutting, grinding, drilling, or polishing) that contain crystalline silica content can be hazardous and may generate RCS. Residual dust on tools, equipment, and working clothes can also present a risk.

It is important to ensure that a workplace is not exposed to respirable crystalline silica (RCS) at a level higher than the exposure standard (S8).

To fully understand your responsibilities in the workplace regarding RCS, please refer to the relevant WHS regulations and Codes of Practice in your jurisdiction.

Section 3: Composition and information on ingredients

Substances

no data available

Mixtures

Mixture identification: NOVOPLAN 21

Hazardous components within the meaning of the "Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS)" regulation and related classification:

ζ	2 ty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
	25 - <50 %	free crystalline silica (Ø >10 μ)	CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4		
_	25 - <50 %	Calcium carbonate	CAS:471-34-1 EC:207-439-9		Exempted
	22.5 - <5 %	portland cement, Cr(VI) < 2 ppm		Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; Eye Dam. 1, H318; STOT SE 3, H335	
	20.05 - 30.1 %	calcium carbonate	CAS:1317-65-3 EC:215-279-6		

Section 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

Symptoms caused by exposure

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Medical attention and special treatment

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Section 5: Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

None in particular.

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

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Hazardous combustion products: no data available

Explosive properties: ==

Oxidizing properties: no data available

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

HazChem Code/Emergency Action code

N.A.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up mechanically and dispose of according to local/state/federal regulations

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Scoop into containers and seal for disposal.

Wash with plenty of water.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

Section 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

Section 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

OEL

Control parameters – exposure standards, biological monitoring

Country

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	Туре	
free crystalline silica (Ø >10 μ) CAS: 14808-60-7	ACGIH	Long Term: 0,025 mg/m3 A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen;lung cancer;pulmonary fibrosis
	National AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 0,05 mg/m3
	National BELGIUM	Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3
	National BULGARIA	Long Term: 0,07 mg/m3

Occupational Exposure Limit

National CROATIA

National CZECH
REPUBLIC

National DENMARK

Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3

Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3

DENMARK, inhalable aerosol inhalable aerosol

National DENMARK

Long Term: 0,3 mg/m3

DENMARK, inhalable aerosol inhalable aerosol

National DENMARK

Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3

DENMARK, respirable aerosol respirable aerosol

National DENMARK

Long Term: 0,3 mg/m3

National DENMARK

Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3

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National ESTONIA Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3 National FINLAND Long Term: 0,05 mg/m3 National FRANCE Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3 National HUNGARY Long Term: 0,15 mg/m3 National LITHUANIA Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3 National NORWAY Long Term: 0,3 mg/m3

Totalstøv (total dust); K: Kjemikalier som skal betraktes som kreftfremkallende. (K:

Chemicals to be treated as carcinogenic.)

ACGIH Long Term: 0,025 mg/m3

(R), A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer

National PORTUGAL Long Term: 0,025 mg/m3 National ROMANIA Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3

National SLOVAKIA Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3; Short Term: 0,5 mg/m3

National SLOVENIA Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3 National SPAIN Long Term: 0,05 mg/m3 National SWEDEN Long Term: 0,1 mg/m3 National SWITZERLAN Long Term: 0,15 mg/m3

Calcium carbonate CAS: 471-34-1

AUS **AUSTRALIA** Long Term: 10 mg/m3

National FRANCE Long Term: 10 mg/m3 National PORTUGAL Long Term: 10 mg/m3 National LATVIA Long Term: 6 mg/m3 Long Term: 10 mg/m3 10 mg/m3 PEL

portland cement, Cr(VI) < 2 AUS

ppm

CAS: 65997-15-1

OSHA Long Term: 15 mg/m3 **OSHA** Long Term: 5 mg/m3 **ACGIH** Long Term: 1 mg/m3

A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen; pulmonary function; respiratory

symptoms; asthma

Long Term: 1 mg/m3 ACGIH AUSTRALIA

A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen; pulmonary function; respiratory

symptoms; asthma

AUS **AUSTRALIA** Long Term: 10 mg/m3

10 mg/m3 PEL

National BELGIUM Long Term: 1 mg/m3

National CROATIA Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 National CROATIA Long Term: 4 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3

National CROATIA Long Term: 10 mg/m3 National CROATIA Long Term: 4 mg/m3 National FINLAND Long Term: 1 mg/m3 FINLAND, respirabel fraktion

National FINLAND Long Term: 5 mg/m3 National FINLAND Long Term: 1 mg/m3 inhalable dust

National HUNGARY Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3

National LATVIA Long Term: 6 mg/m3 National PORTUGAL Long Term: 10 mg/m3 National PORTUGAL Long Term: 1 mg/m3 National ROMANIA Long Term: 10 mg/m3 National SPAIN Long Term: 4 mg/m3

5 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, respirable dust);10 mg/m3 TWA

(containing <1% of free Silica, total dust)

National SPAIN Long Term: 4 mg/m3

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inhalable dust **KINGDOM**

National UNITED Long Term: 4 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3

> KINGDOM respirable dust

Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3 National UNITED

KINGDOM 5 mg/m3 TWA (containing <1% of free Silica, respirable dust);10 mg/m3 TWA

(containing <1% of free Silica, total dust)

National UNITED Long Term: 4 mg/m3

KINGDOM

National UNITED Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3

KINGDOM

National UNITED Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 12 mg/m3

KINGDOM

National UNITED

Long Term: 4 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3

KINGDOM

calcium carbonate

OSHA

Long Term: 15 mg/m3

CAS: 1317-65-3

OSHA Long Term: 5 mg/m3 National GREECE Long Term: 10 mg/m3 National GREECE Long Term: 5 mg/m3 National BELGIUM Long Term: 10 mg/m3 National CZECH Long Term: 10 mg/m3

REPUBLIC

National HUNGARY Long Term: 10 mg/m3 National ESTONIA Long Term: 10 mg/m3 National ESTONIA Long Term: 5 mg/m3 National SLOVAKIA Long Term: 10 mg/m3

National UNITED Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3

KINGDOM

National UNITED Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 12 mg/m3

KINGDOM

National UNITED Long Term: 4 mg/m3; Short Term: 30 mg/m3

KINGDOM

National BULGARIA Long Term: 10 mg/m3 National ROMANIA Long Term: 10 mg/m3 National CROATIA Long Term: 4 mg/m3 National CROATIA Long Term: 10 mg/m3 National FRANCE Long Term: 10 mg/m3

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Calcium carbonate Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 100 mg/l

CAS: 471-34-1

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

Calcium carbonate Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects CAS: 471-34-1

Worker Industry: 6,36 mg/m3; Consumer: 1,06 mg/m3

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Consumer: 6,1 mg/kg

Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects

Consumer: 6,1 mg/kg

Appropriate engineering controls

no data available

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eve protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

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Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; AS/NZS 2161.10:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min. Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness >=0,35mm; breakthrough time >=480min. Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness >=0,5mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness >=0,4mm; breakthrough time >=480min.

Nitrile gloves are suggested (1,3 mm; 480 min). Not recommended gloves: not waterproof gloves Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

Respiratory protection must be used where exposure levels exceed workplace exposure limits. Refer to AS/NZS 1715-1716 for information on selection and use of appropriate respiratory protection equipment.

no data available

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Solid Appearance: powder

Color: Grey

Odour: cement like pH: no data available

pH (water dispersion, 10%): 12.00

Melting point / freezing point: no data available

Initial boiling point and boiling range: no data available

Flash point: no data available Evaporation rate: no data available Flammability (Solid, Gas) no data available

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limits: no data available

Vapour pressure: no data available Vapour density: no data available Relative density: no data available Solubility in water: partly soluble

Solubility in oil: insoluble

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): no data available

Auto-ignition temperature: no data available Decomposition temperature: no data available

Kinematic viscosity: no data available

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 0 (Rule 1168) g/l

Particle characteristics:

Particle size: no data available

Particle size distribution: no data available Shape and aspect ratio: no data available Specific surface area: no data available

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

Chemical stability

no data available

Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatible materials

None in particular.

Hazardous decomposition products

None.

Section 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Contains cement. Cement gives a strong alkaline reaction with water and body fluids (e.g. sweat and eye fluids), therefore the contact with skin and eyes should be carefully avoided.

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Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation
The product is classified: Serious eye damage, Category 1(H318)

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation The product is classified: Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B(H317)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

f) carcinogenicity Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

g) reproductive toxicity Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

h) STOT-single exposure Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

i) STOT-repeated exposure Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

j) aspiration hazard Not classified

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

free crystalline silica (\emptyset a) acute toxicity LD50 Oral > 2000 mg/kg

 $>10 \mu)$

LD50 Skin > 2000 mg/kg

Calcium carbonate a) acute toxicity LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation Rat > 3 mg/l LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg 4h LD50 Oral Rat = 6450 mg/kg

g) reproductive toxicity NOAEL Rat = 1000 mg/kg

calcium carbonate a) acute toxicity LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Section 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

Not classified for environmental hazards.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component Ident. Numb. Ecotox Data

Calcium carbonate CAS: 471-34-1 - c) Bacteria toxicity: NOEC Bacteria = 1000 mg/L 3

EINECS: 207-

439-9

d) Terrestrial toxicity: LC50 > 1000 mg/kg

d) Terrestrial toxicity: NOEC = 1000 mg/kg - 28 d

e) Plant toxicity: NOEC = 1000 mg/kg - 21 d

calcium carbonate CAS: 1317-65-3 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: LC50 Fish > 10000 mg/L 96

- EINECS: 215-

279-6

a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Daphnia > 1000 mg/L 48
 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: EC50 Algae > 200 mg/L 72

Persistence and degradability

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no data available

Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

Mobility in soil

no data available

Other adverse effects

no data available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Recover if possible.

no data available

Disposal of this product, solutions, packaging and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Dispose of surplus and nonrecyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Do not dispose of waste into sewers.

Disposal considerations:

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of product according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

Special precautions:

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling untreated empty containers.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not re-use empty containers.

Section 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

UN number

no data available

UN proper shipping name

no data available

Transport hazard class(es)

no data available

Packing group, if applicable

no data available

Environmental hazards

no data available

Special precautions for user

ADG-Subsidiary hazards no data available

ADG-S.P.: no data available

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

no data available

Air (IATA):

no data available

Sea (IMDG):

no data available

Additional Information

no data available

HazChem Code/Emergency Action code

no data available

Section 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared according to the Australian Work Health and Safety (WHS) act and the Code of Practice on preparation of safety data sheets for Hazardous Chemicals.

AICIS: all components are listed

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Section 16: Any other relevant information

Code	Description	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
Code 3.2/2	Hazard class and hazard category Skin Irrit. 2	Description Skin irritation, Category 2
	5 ,	•
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.2/2 3.3/1	Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Dam. 1	Skin irritation, Category 2 Serious eye damage, Category 1

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care

KAFH: KAFH

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

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LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

LDLo: Leathal Dose Low N.A.: Not Applicable N/A: Not Applicable

N/D: Not defined/ Not available

NA: Not available

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PGK: Packaging Instruction

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

PSG: Passengers

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit. STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.

TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).

vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.

WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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