

## Ardex AF 180 MS Ardex (Ardex Australia)

Chemwatch: **85-5523**Version No: **4.1.1.1** 

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 0

Issue Date: **03/12/2020** Print Date: **07/12/2020** S.GHS.AUS.EN

## SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier		
Product name	Ardex AF 180 MS	
Chemical Name	Not Applicable	
Synonyms	Not Available	
Chemical formula	Not Applicable	
Other means of identification	Not Available	

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Adhesive.
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#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Ardex (Ardex Australia)
Address	20 Powers Road Seven Hills NSW 2147 Australia
Telephone	1800 224 070
Fax	1300 780 102
Website	Not Available
Email	Not Available

## Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Ardex (Ardex Australia)
Emergency telephone numbers	1800 224 070 (Mon-Fri, 9am-5pm)
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

## **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

## Classification of the substance or mixture

## NON-HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

## ChemWatch Hazard Ratings

	Min	Max	
Flammability	0		
Toxicity	0		0 = Minimum
Body Contact	0	1	1 = Low
Reactivity	0		2 = Moderate
Chronic	0		3 = High

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable
Classification [1]	Not Applicable

## Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	Not Applicable
Signal word	Not Applicable

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Hazard statement(s)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

## **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

#### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

#### **Mixtures**

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
919-30-2	NotSpec	3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane
52829-07-9	NotSpec	bis(2.2.6.6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)sebacate
Not Available	balance	Ingredients determined not to be hazardous

#### **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

#### Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes:  • Wash out immediately with water.  • If irritation continues, seek medical attention.  • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.	
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs:  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.	
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>	
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</li> <li>Observe the patient carefully.</li> <li>Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</li> <li>Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</li> <li>Seek medical advice.</li> </ul>	

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

## Extinguishing media

- ► There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- ▶ Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

#### Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.
Advice for firefighters	
Fire Fighting	<ul> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.</li> <li>Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.</li> </ul>
Fire/Explosion Hazard	<ul> <li>Non combustible.</li> <li>Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn.</li> </ul>
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

#### **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

#### **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

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#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes Minor Spills Wear impervious gloves and safety goggles. ► Trowel up/scrape up.

#### **Major Spills**

- Clear area of personnel and move upwind.
- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.
- Prevent spillage from entering drains, sewers or water courses

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

#### **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

#### Precautions for safe handling

## Safe handling

- Limit all unnecessary personal contact.
- Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
- Use in a well-ventilated area.
- ▶ When handling **DO NOT** eat, drink or smoke

#### Other information

- Store in original containers.
- Keep containers securely sealed.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.
- Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
- Packing as recommended by manufacturer.
- ► Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

Storage incompatibility

Avoid contamination of water, foodstuffs, feed or seed

#### SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

#### Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

#### INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

#### **Emergency Limits**

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	Aminopropyltriethoxysilane; (3-(Triethoxysilyl)-1-propanamine)	1.9 mg/m3	21 mg/m3	350 mg/m3

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	Not Available	Not Available
bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl- 4-piperidinyl)sebacate	Not Available	Not Available

#### Occupational Exposure Banding

Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating	Occupational Exposure Band Rating Occupational Exposure Band Limit				
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	E	≤ 0.1 ppm				
bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl- 4-piperidinyl)sebacate	E ≤ 0.01 mg/m³					
Notes:	Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a					

# Exposure controls

## Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment.

#### Personal protection







range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.



- Safety glasses with side shields
- Chemical goggles. Eye and face protection
  - Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience.

## Skin protection

See Hand protection below

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Hands/feet protection	Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.  OTHERWISE:  Overalls.  Barrier cream.  Eyewash unit.

#### Respiratory protection

Type AK-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Selection of the Class and Type of respirator will depend upon the level of breathing zone contaminant and the chemical nature of the contaminant. Protection Factors (defined as the ratio of contaminant outside and inside the mask) may also be important.

Required minimum protection factor	Maximum gas/vapour concentration present in air p.p.m. (by volume)	Half-face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator
up to 10	1000	AK-AUS / Class1 P2	-
up to 50	1000	-	AK-AUS / Class 1 P2
up to 50	5000	Airline *	-
up to 100	5000	-	AK-2 P2
up to 100	10000	-	AK-3 P2
100+			Airline**

<sup>\* -</sup> Continuous Flow \*\* - Continuous-flow or positive pressure demand

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

## **SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties**

	Information on	basic ph	vsical and	chemical	properties
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Appearance	White paste with characteristic odour; does not mix with water.			
Physical state	Non Slump Paste	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.45 @20C	
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available	
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available	
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not Available	
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	1000000 @20C	
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	>394	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable	
Flash point (°C)	>200	Taste	Not Available	
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available	
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available	
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available	
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	0 (VOC)	
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available	
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Applicable	
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available	

## **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

#### **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

Information	on '	toxicol	logical	effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.
Ingestion	The material has <b>NOT</b> been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as "harmful by ingestion". This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.

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Skin Contact	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting.			
Eye	Although the material is not thought to be an irritant (as c characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with	lassified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort windburn).		
Chronic	Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to prod models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be r	uce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified by EC Directives using animal ninimised as a matter of course.		
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
Ardex AF 180 MS	Not Available	Not Available		
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 4000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 0.75 mg/24h-SEVERE		
	Oral (rat) LD50: 1570 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): 100 mg - mild		
	Oral (rat) LD50: 1750 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Skin (rabbit): 0.1 mg - mild		
	Oral (rat) LD50: 1780 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Skin (rabbit): 5.0 mg/24h-SEVERE		
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
	0.96 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (rabbit): Severe		
bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl- 4-piperidinyl)sebacate	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >3100 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Skin (rabbit): Irritant		
	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 0.5 mg/l/4H <sup>[2]</sup>	Skin sensitisation: Negative		
	Oral (rat) LD50: 3700 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>			
Legend:	Nature obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances			

The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product.

Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of

contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibody-mediated immune reactions. The significance of the contact allergen is not simply determined by its sensitisation potential: the distribution of the substance and the opportunities for contact with it are equally important.

Low molecular weight alkoxysilane can cause irreversible lung damage when inhaled at low dose. It is not an obvious skin irritant. However, studies suggest with repeated occupational exposure, methoxysilane may cause damage to the eye and skin as well as cancer. The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may

produce conjunctivitis.

The material may cause severe skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin. Repeated exposures may produce severe ulceration.

Overexposure to most of these materials may cause adverse health effects.

#### 3-AMINOPROPYLTRIETHOXYSILANE

Many amine-based compounds can cause release of histamines, which, in turn, can trigger allergic and other physiological effects, including constriction of the bronchi or asthma and inflammation of the cavity of the nose. Whole-body symptoms include headache, nausea, faintness, anxiety, a decrease in blood pressure, rapid heartbeat, itching, reddening of the skin, urticaria (hives) and swelling of the face, which are usually transient.

There are generally four routes of possible or potential exposure: inhalation, skin contact, eye contact, and swallowing. Inhalation: Inhaling vapours may result in moderate to severe irritation of the tissues of the nose and throat and can irritate the lungs. Higher concentrations of certain amines can produce severe respiratory irritation, characterized by discharge from the nose, coughing, difficulty in breathing and chest pain. Chronic exposure via inhalation may cause headache, nausea, vomiting, drowsiness, sore throat, inflammation of the bronchi and lungs, and possible lung damage.

3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane (APTES) is severely irritating to the skin and eyes. Animal testing showed that prolonged exposure by inhalation may lead to a mild inflammation of the throat and changes in the cell pattern on the airway. It does not seem to cause genetic damage or adverse effects to reproduction and development.

#### 3-AMINOPROPYLTRIETHOXYSILANE & BIS(2,2,6,6-TETRAMETHYL-4-PIPERIDINYL)SEBACATE

Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur after exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound. Main criteria for diagnosing RADS include the absence of previous airways disease in a non-atopic individual, with sudden onset of persistent asthma-like symptoms within minutes to hours of a documented exposure to the irritant. Other criteria for diagnosis of RADS include a reversible airflow pattern on lung function tests, moderate to severe bronchial hyperreactivity on methacholine challenge testing, and the lack of minimal lymphocytic inflammation, without eosinophilia.

Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

Legend:

X - Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

🛹 – Data available to make classification

#### **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

Toxicity					
Ardex AF 180 M	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	_				

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Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
LC50	96	Fish	>934mg/L	2
EC50	48	Crustacea	331mg/L	2
EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1-mg/L	2
NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	1.3mg/L	2
Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
LC50	96	Fish	4.4mg/L	2
EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.705mg/L	2
NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.05mg/L	2
	Endpoint LC50 EC50 NOEC  Endpoint LC50 EC50 NOEC	Endpoint         Test Duration (hr)           LC50         96           EC50         48           EC50         72           NOEC         72           Endpoint         Test Duration (hr)           LC50         96           EC50         72	Available         Not Available           Endpoint         Test Duration (hr)         Species           LC50         96         Fish           EC50         48         Crustacea           EC50         72         Algae or other aquatic plants           NOEC         72         Algae or other aquatic plants           Endpoint         Test Duration (hr)         Species           LC50         96         Fish           EC50         72         Algae or other aquatic plants	Available         Not Available         Available           Endpoint         Test Duration (hr)         Species         Value           LC50         96         Fish         >934mg/L           EC50         48         Crustacea         331mg/L           EC50         72         Algae or other aquatic plants         >1-mg/L           NOEC         72         Algae or other aquatic plants         1.3mg/L           Endpoint         Test Duration (hr)         Species         Value           LC50         96         Fish         4.4mg/L           EC50         72         Algae or other aquatic plants         0.705mg/L

V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

#### DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

#### Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	HIGH	HIGH
bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl- 4-piperidinyl)sebacate	HIGH	HIGH

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	LOW (BCF = 5.4)
bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl- 4-piperidinyl)sebacate	HIGH (LogKOW = 6.5004)

#### Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	LOW (KOC = 12150)
bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl- 4-piperidinyl)sebacate	LOW (KOC = 609900)

## **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- ▶ Bury residue in an authorised landfill.
- Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

#### **SECTION 14 Transport information**

#### Lahels Required

Labels Required		
Marine Pollutant	NO	
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable	

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

#### **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)sebacate is found on the following regulatory lists

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Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

#### **National Inventory Status**

National Inventory	Status	
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes	
Canada - DSL	Yes	
Canada - NDSL	No (3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane; bis(2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-4-piperidinyl)sebacate)	
China - IECSC	Yes	
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes	
Japan - ENCS	Yes	
Korea - KECI	Yes	
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes	
Philippines - PICCS	Yes	
USA - TSCA	Yes	
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes	
Mexico - INSQ	Yes	
Vietnam - NCI	Yes	
Russia - ARIPS	Yes	
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory  No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)	

#### **SECTION 16 Other information**

Revision Date	03/12/2020
Initial Date	19/09/2017

#### **SDS Version Summary**

Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
3.1.1.1	01/11/2019	One-off system update. NOTE: This may or may not change the GHS classification
4.1.1.1	03/12/2020	Environmental, First Aid (swallowed), Ingredients, Physical Properties, Storage (storage incompatibility)

### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

#### **Definitions and abbreviations**

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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## **Kevmor Trade Supplies**